



Recent Results on Top and Higgs at Tevatron

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Top Quark Physics

Mainly on top decay, $t\overline{t}$ production mechanism, and related



Top Quark



- Heaviest elementary particle
 - play a special role in EWSB?
 - provides new test ground on Standard Model
 - Direct access to bare quark

$$\Gamma^{-1} \sim (1.5 \text{ GeV})^{-1} \ll \Lambda_{QCD}^{-1} \sim (200 \text{ MeV})^{-1}$$

Top quark decays before hadronization

Decays as a naked quark

➔ Information on spin polarization and momentum at its production is directly transferred to decay products





$t\overline{t}$ Signiture







Categorize ttbar events into 3 decay types according to W decay mode



- top quark decays before losing polarization
- V-A coupling
 - flight direction of down-type fermion from W carries
 100% spin information of parent top quark
 - can "see" top quark spin at its production

W W Helicity in $t \to Wb$ decay



- Information on Wtb Vertex
 - Really W boson?
 - Really V-A?



In SM

 f_+ (right-handed) = 0 f_0 (longitudinal) = 0.70 f_- (left-handed) = 0.30



🐠 W Helicity Measurement (DØ) 题





W Helicity Measurement (CDF)







Search for anomalous couplings in $t \to Wb$



• General Lagrangian for Wtb vertex

$$\mathcal{L}_{t \to Wb} = -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \gamma^{\mu} V_{tb} (f_1^L P_L + f_1^R P_R) t W_{\mu}^{-} - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \frac{i \sigma^{\mu\nu} q_{\nu} V_{tb}}{M_W} (f_2^L P_L + f_2^R P_R) t W_{\mu}^{-} + h.c.$$

In SM,
$$f_1^L = 1$$
, and $f_1^R = f_2^L = f_2^R = 0$



CDF and DØ results support V-A coupling on Wtb vertex so far





$t\overline{t}$ Production at Tevatron

- Cross-section
- Forward backward asymmetry
- Spin-spin correlations



$t\overline{t}$ Cross-section (dilepton)





 $\sigma_{\text{pretag}} = 6.56 \pm 0.65(\text{stat}) \pm 0.41(\text{syst}) \pm 0.38(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$ $\sigma_{\text{tag}} = 7.27 \pm 0.71(\text{stat}) \pm 0.46(\text{syst}) \pm 0.42(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$



• The total uncertainty is decreased by ~10% 13

\mathbf{I} $t\overline{t}$ Cross-section (All hadronic)



CDF ($\mathcal{L} = 2.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, $M_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$) $\sigma = 7.2 \pm 0.5(\text{stat}) \pm 1.1(\text{syst}) \pm 0.4(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$ DØ($\mathcal{L} = 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, $M_t = 175 \text{ GeV}$) $\sigma = 6.9 \pm 1.3(\text{stat}) \pm 1.4(\text{syst}) \pm 0.4(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$

$t\overline{t}$ Cross-section (CDF combind)





CDF(4.6 fb⁻¹): $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 7.50 \pm 0.31(\text{stat}) \pm 0.34(\text{sys}) \pm 0.15(\text{theory}) \text{ pb}$

- Now better than theoretical uncertainties
- Cross-sections of all categories (dilepton, lepton+jets, and all-hadronic) as well as w/i and w/o b-tag are consistent with SM

Consistent with $Br(t \rightarrow Wb) \sim 100\%$



B S

NLO prediction: Interference between LO and NLO



Also presence of new physics could make asymmetry



$t\overline{t}$ Forward Backward Asymmetry









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 $DO(1 \text{ fb}^{-1})$: $A_{\text{fb}}^{\text{raw}} = 0.12 \pm 0.08(\text{stat}) \pm 0.01(\text{sys})$

 $t\overline{t}$ Forward Backward Asymmetry $(M_{t\overline{t}}$ scan) b

- q **A?** Rapidity for tt Tagged Events 140 CDF II Preliminary $A_{fb}^{Data} = 0.098 \pm 0.036$ 120 Data L=3.2 fb⁻¹ $= -0.008 \pm 0.003$ Top (7.1 pb) 100 = -0.059 ± 0.0079 Bkgr. Star Backwa Backwa Events Backward Forward Events 40 20 0<u></u>_2 -1.5 -1 -0.5 0 0.5 1 1.5 -Q Y had M_{.r} Invariant Mass for Tagged Events 200 -180 -CDF II Preliminary FW Data L=3.2 fb⁻¹ 160 BW Data L=3.2 fb⁻¹ 140 Top (7.1 pb) Events 80 Bkg 60 40 20 300 350 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 750 800 Reconstructed M_{rf} (GeV)
- If a new particle (such as Z') would cause asymmetry, asymmetry will rise above the mass







Spin Correlation at $t\overline{t}$ Production





 $-0.455 < \kappa < 0.865$ (68% C.L.) CDF dilepton ($\mathcal{L} = 2.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, $M_t = 175$ GeV, off-diagonal)

Spin Correlation (CDF ℓ +jets, DØ dilepton)





DØ dilepton ($\mathcal{L} = 4.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) $\kappa(\text{beam}) = -0.17^{+0.64}_{-0.53}$

CDF ℓ +jets ($\mathcal{L} = 4.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) κ (helicity) = 0.60 ± 0.50(stat) ± 0.16(sys)





SM Higgs Search





Higgs Cross-section and BR



Low mass Higgs region:

 $m_{\rm H}$ <135 GeV/c² $H \rightarrow bb$ dominant decay.

Search for associated W/Z production.

High mass Higgs region:

m_H>135 GeV/c²

 $H \rightarrow WW$ dominant decay.

Gluon fusion production search (gg \rightarrow H).





 $WH \rightarrow \ell \nu bb$





$1\ell + \not\!\!\! E_T + 2b$ jets

Most sensitive channel at low mass

W+jet

Multi Jet

Wbb/cc

Diboson

350 400

25

tī

-WH 115 GeV (x10)

s-top

Bkg: W+bb, W+cc, W+qq, ttbar, ...





 $WH \rightarrow \ell \nu bb$



<u>CDF:</u>

• Limit/SM<4.0 @115 GeV

<u>DØ:</u>

• Limit/SM < 6.9 @115 GeV











- 2 opposite sign leptons + MET
- WW from spin 0 higgs
 - leptons tend to same direction
 - $\Delta \phi$ is best discriminant





• Neural network technique





- Also search for same sign leptons for WH →WWW* →I[±]I [±]X
- Limit: <1.23 x SM @ M_H=165 GeV



Combined Limits



<u>CDF:</u>

Included channels

- WH -> Inbb (4.3 fb-1)
- VH -> MET + bb (3.6 fb-1)
- ZH -> bb (4.1 fb-1)
- VH, VBF, ggH
 - -> 2 jets + tau tau (2.0 fb-1)
- VH -> 2 jets + bb (2.0 fb-1)
- ggH -> WW* ((4.8 fb-1)
- VH -> VWW* (4.8 fb-1)



DZero:

Included channels

- WH -> Inbb (5.0 fb-1)
- XH -> tau tau bb/qq tau tau (4.9 fb-1)
- ZH -> nu nu bb (5.2 fb-1)
- ZH -> IIbb (4.2 fb-1)
- WH -> WWW* (3.6 fb-1)
- H -> WW* (5.4 fb-1)
- H -> gamma gamma(4.2 fb-1)
- ttH -> ttbb (2.1 fb-1)







CDF+DZero combination



CDF + DØ combined :

Observed limit at MH = 115 GeV/c^2 : 2.70 x SM Excluded mass range at 95% C.L. : $163 - 166 \text{ GeV/c}^2$



Summary



- Top quark properties are consistent with SM so far.
- Top quark properties are being measured more and more precisely, not to overlook any hint of new physics.
- We are sensitive to a Higgs of 160 GeV/ c^2 .
- Low mass Higgs is also being within range.
- Stay tune for interesting results with ≥ 5 fb⁻¹ in 2010!